

Part II: Written Justification of Rate Increase

Celtic Insurance Company

Annual Individual Health Rate Filing

Texas

Assuming CSR Subsidies are Unfunded

Effective January 1, 2024

Forms: 29418TX014, 29418TX016, 29418TX017

Celtic Insurance Company is filing rates for the individual block of business, effective January 1, 2024. This document is submitted in conjunction with the Part I Unified Rate Review Template and the Part III Actuarial Memorandum.

This information is intended for use by the Texas Department of Insurance, the Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight (CCIIO), and health insurance consumers in Texas to assist in the review of Celtic Insurance Company's individual rate filing.

The results are actuarial projections. Actual experience will differ for a number of reasons, including population changes, claims experience, and random deviations from assumptions.

In 2022, earned premium was \$613.32 per member per month (PMPM). Incurred claims in 2022 were \$638.69, or 104.14% of premium. Netting risk adjustment from the claims results in an estimated loss ratio (incurred claims net of estimated risk adjustment transfers, divided by earned premiums) of 75.47%. We expect unit costs to increase for 2024. Further, we have updated underlying experience for the single risk pool, expected administrative expense, and assumptions for federal risk adjustment. These factors, as well as changes to the assumed morbidity of the single risk pool, medical trend, and the revision of the COVID-19 adjustment, result in a premium rate increase.

Medical trend, or the increase in health care costs over time, is composed of two components: the increase in the unit cost of services and the increase in the utilization of those services. Unit cost increases occur as care providers and their suppliers raise their prices. Utilization increases can occur as people seek more services than before. Additionally, simple services can be replaced with more complex services over time, which is known as service intensity trend. An example of service intensity trend would be the replacement of an X-ray with an MRI scan. Replacing the service with a more intense service causes the total cost of medical services to increase.

The proposed rate change of 5.52% applies to approximately 313,910 individuals. Celtic Insurance Company's projected administrative expenses for 2024 are \$79.90 PMPM. Administrative expense does not include \$28.83 for taxes and fees. The historical administrative expenses for 2023 were \$75.26 PMPM, which excludes taxes and fees. The projected loss ratio is 83.2% which satisfies the federal minimum loss ratio requirement of 80.0%.